## Southern Campaign American Revolution Pension Statements & Rosters

## Pension application of Thomas McClanahan (McLanahan) <sup>1</sup>W1052 Tabitha f79VA Transcribed by Will Graves rev'd 4/10/13

[Methodology: Spelling, punctuation and/or grammar have been corrected in some instances for ease of reading and to facilitate searches of the database. Where the meaning is not compromised by adhering to the spelling, punctuation or grammar, no change has been made. Corrections or additional notes have been inserted within brackets or footnotes. Blanks appearing in the transcripts reflect blanks in the original. A bracketed question mark indicates that the word or words preceding it represent(s) a guess by me. Only materials pertinent to the military service of the veteran and to contemporary events have been transcribed. Affidavits that provide additional information on these events are included and genealogical information is abstracted, while standard, 'boilerplate' affidavits and attestations related solely to the application, and later nineteenth and twentieth century research requests for information have been omitted. I use speech recognition software to make all my transcriptions. Such software misinterprets my southern accent with unfortunate regularity and my poor proofreading fails to catch all misinterpretations. Also, dates or numbers which the software treats as numerals rather than words are not corrected: for example, the software transcribes "the eighth of June one thousand eighty six" as "the 8th of June 1786." Please call errors or omissions to my attention.]

## [p14]

State of Kentucky, County of Simpson

On the 10<sup>th</sup> day of September 1832 personally appeared in open court before the county court of said county now sitting, Thomas McClanahan a resident citizen of the county of Simpson and State of Kentucky, age about Eighty years, who being first duly sworn according to law, doth, under his oath, make the following declaration in order to obtain the benefit of the Act of Congress passed June 7th, 1832: That he entered the service of the United States under the following named officers and served as herein stated, viz,

That he was born according to the history of his family, in the county of Westmoreland Virginia., but principally raised in the counties of Fauquier & Culpeper and that in the latter part of the summer or the first of the fall of the year 1775 he entered into the service of the United States in a Regiment first commanded by Colonel Patrick Henry, Lieut. Colonel Christy [sic, William Christian], and attached to a Company commanded by Capt. John Green, Richard Taylor, first Lieut., John Houston, second Lieut., and John Lee, ensign. The rendezvous was at Culpeper Court House; from there he was marched to Williamsburg and was occasionally in some little skirmishes with some British shipping at Burrell's Ferry and Old James Town [sic Jamestown], and while yet detained at Jamestown, Col. Patrick Henry left the Regiment and entered into the Legislature of Virginia, or filled some other civil post, and the command of the Regiment devolved on some other officer not now remembered. About nine months after he was first marched to Williamsburg, the 2<sup>nd</sup> Virginia Regiment commanded by Co1. Alexander Spottswood [also spelled Alexander Spotswood] was brought down to Williamsburg also and the said McClanahan was by the consent of the said Richard Taylor then the Captain of the Company (the said John Green having been promoted to the office of Major) transferred to the 2<sup>nd</sup> Regiment and enrolled in a Company in the same commanded by Capt. Francis Taylor and took the place of a soldier by the name of Reuben McKinney and the said McKinney took said McClanahan's place in the said Regiment of the said Company commanded by the said Capt. Richard Taylor. The said company was not long after marched somewhere to the North but the 2<sup>nd</sup> to which he now belonged continued at Williamsburg until late in the fall of 1776; then the said McClanahan was marched with said Regiment from Williamsburg to Fredericksburg, where they remained but a short time; from thence they were marched through Alexandria to Baltimore, from there they took shipping and went to Annapolis, according to the best recollection, in pursuit, as it was then said, of Tories who were said to have been embodied on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, but found no Tories. They were then marched to New Castle on the Delaware River, said to be about five miles from Wilmington, where the Regiment was inoculated with the small pox, and remained until the spring of 1777, when it was again marched to Philadelphia, and there, for the first time, furnished with clothing at the public expense. While there he was one of the guards to a man whose name was probably Dunbar who was hung in the suburbs of the city for some traitorous crime not now recollected.

Prom Philadelphia the Regiment was marched through a little town called Bristow or Bristol on the Pennsylvania side of the Delaware River opposite (if not mis-remembered) Burlington; thence across

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> BLWt33771-160-55. The cover sheet indicates that this veteran fought in the Indian Wars in 1793 as well as in the Revolution.

the river to Trentown [sic, Trenton] on the Jersey shore; thence to Prince Town [sic, Princeton]. This place the Regiment reached not long after a battle had been fought there between the American and British in which it was that General Mercer fell. After remaining here a while they were marched to Bondbrook [Boundbrook] on the Rareton River [Raritan River], which was quite in the vicinity of the British Army then posted at Brunswick and Amboy, and here the Regiment remained but a few days and it was marched to a place called Middle Brook [Middlebrook], at which the main Army commanded by Genl. Washington, was then encamped. This was in the latter part of the spring or the first part of the summer of 1777.

While said McClanahan was here there were several small engagements between scouting parties of the British and Americans; some of them he was in and some he was not. In one of them there was Ensign White and perhaps twenty men attacked in a Rye field by a party of British light horse and all, or nearly all, were cut to pieces together with the said officer. He was in a small fight himself in which one of the British Guard Houses was taken, a Major killed & 13 or 14 men and the balance taken prisoners. It was here that Genl. Morgan [Daniel Morgan] rendered such effective service when the British retreated with their forces to Brunswick and Amboy killed a great many of them on their march. Here McClanahan was one of a file of 12 men who shot a deserter condemned by a court martial. It was not long after the British returned to Brunswick and Amboy. General Washington marched the Army to the head of the Elk, but not as he knows. For a few days before the Army moved he was taken with what was then called the Camp fever which produced delirium on him for some days. When he came to he was informed by a soldier in whose care he had been left that the Army had marched as above stated. It was some time before he got to Philadelphia from there as the British entered Philadelphia he together with the other sick that were in said City was taken to Burlington. Here having obtained his health, he was tried by a Court Martial for bayoneting a Commissary who attempted to rescue a Butcher whom he (McClanahan) together with another had arrested by order of Capt. William Washington, who afterwards commanded a troop of horse in the South, for abusive and insolent language to the said Capt. Washington, and he was honorably acquitted and the said commissary, as he understood, was discharged from the Service. From Burlington he then went to the main Army which was then stationed at what was then called the Cross Roads or Chestnut Hill. At this place in a short time he relapsed into the said fever; from that time he lost his recollection until he found himself in Easttown in New Jersey. From this, having got his health, he went to the main Army again stationed at Valley Forge and his second enlistment being now nearly expired he about the first of the year 1778 enlisted in a company of Horse commanded by (he thinks) Capt. William Barrett, who belonged to Col. Baylor's Regiment for three years, or during the war. One of the conditions of this enlistment was that he was to get a furlough for three months and \$20 to bear his expenses home. This together with the furlough was accordingly given him with orders to rendezvous again in Fredericksburg, Virginia on the 10th of April 1778. Accordingly he met the said Capt. Barrett in Fredericksburg and there got the said Capt. Barrett to receive one John Green, whose sister he had meantime married in Culpeper County, Virginia, in his (said McClanahan's) place and got from said officer a full discharge, which discharge was lost in the burning of his father's (William McClanahan's) house in Culpeper some few years after. Here ended his revolutionary war services except a short tour of militia duty performed afterwards in North Carolina when Gen. Green [sic, Nathanael Greene] was retreating into Virginia from Cornwallis, under Capt. James Ward in a Regiment commanded by Col. Preston. He went into the service from Bottleton [sic, Botetourt] County Virginia, where he then lived. He was in two skirmishes with British on this tour; one at the Alamance River and the other at the Reedy Fork of the Haw River. His first enlistment in the Regiment commanded as aforesaid by Col. Henry was for twelve months, the next one he entered the second Virginia Regiment commanded by Col. Spottswood as aforesaid was for two years, and that in said Baylor's Regiment for three years or during the war. In conformity with all of which he served about three years. From said Botetourt County he moved to Montgomery County, from there to Kentucky in 1788 and settled in what is now called Bourbon County. Shared largely in the Indian Wars which then and for some time after was carried on in the west. He was in the battle at Harmer's defeat at the Maumee [? Miami?] Towns, belonging to the immediate command of Capt. David Tharp, who, together with every man in his Company was killed in the engagement, except the said McClanahan with seven or eight others. He was a spy in the expedition of General Wayne under the immediate command of Genl. Charles Scott from Kentucky in 1793. From Bourbon he moved to Logan County, Kentucky, and settled in that part which since constitutes a part of the said Simpson

County about the year 1803 and in that part he has lived ever since.

He has now little or no property—a wife & seven Children living with him having had in all 20 & as much as any man needs a pension. He relinquishes hereby every claim whatever to a pension or annuity except the present and declares that his name is not on the pension roll of any state whatever. Subscribed and sworn to before me the date aforesaid and year aforesaid.

S/ Thos McClanahan

Shool & Loundhan

[William Lowe, a clergyman, and Henry Stratton gave the standard supporting affidavit.]

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State of Kentucky's Simpson County Sct.: On this 18<sup>th</sup> day of March 1833 personally appeared in open Court before the County Court of said County now sitting Thomas McClanahan a resident Citizen of said County and made the following statement as amendatory to the foregoing declaration in order to obtain the benefit of the act of Congress passed June 7<sup>th</sup> 1832. And as in answer to the first, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> Interrogatories prescribed by the War Department (to wit)

In answer to the first Interrogatory "When & in what year were you born" He saith that he has learned from his parents & others he was born in Westmoreland County Virginia in the year 1753.

In answer to Interrogatory 2<sup>nd</sup> "Have you any record of your age & if so where is it" – He saith he hath no record of his age.

And in answer to the 7<sup>th</sup> interrogatory he states John L. Moore, J. K. McGoodwin, J. W. Moore, Hy: Stratton and divers others he is well known in his neighborhood and he believes they will testify favorably as to his Character for veracity and of their belief that he rendered services as a soldier of the Revolution.

Sworn to in open Court

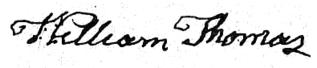
Attest

S/ M Moore, Clk

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State of Kentucky, Bourbon County

This day personally appeared before me the subscriber a Justice of the peace in & for the County of aforesaid, William Thomas, aged ninety two years & being first duly sworn made the following statement of facts. That Thomas McClanahan, who has made a declaration before the Simpson County Court in order to obtain a pension under the act of Congress passed June 7, 1832 is personally known to him, that said McClanahan is now present, that he has known him since the year 1773, that from that period & during the Revolutionary war the father of said McClanahan & said Thomas lived neighbors to each other, said McClanahan's father being at the edge of Culpeper County & said Thomas in the edge Fauquier [County], the distance between the two houses not being at a greater distance than two miles. He, said Thomas, states that he knows that said Thomas McClanahan in the year 1775 in the fall of this year entered the service of the United States under Captain John Green for the Term of one year, that said McClanahan served out the year & afterward in the latter part of the fall of 1776 he knows that he was in the service of the United States in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Regiment; said Thomas saw him at Williamsburg; Thomas was at that time acting as wagon master in the 3<sup>rd</sup> Regiment under the command of Colonel Marshall. He did not see said McClanahan until the year 1778 when he returned home from the North. He is satisfied that McClanahan was in the service till that time as he had good means of knowing; said Thomas further states that he saw & read the discharge which said McClanahan got from Captain William Barrett, in Colonel Washington's troop of horse. And further the deponent saith not.



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State of Kentucky Scott County: Sct.:

Personally appeared before me a Justice of the peace in and for said County Leonard J Fleming aged Seventy years on the 16<sup>th</sup> day of June next, of Woodford County Kentucky – and made oath to the following facts viz. – That he was a volunteer in Colonel McClanahan's Regiment and some days before the battle of Guilford he very distinctly recollects to have seen Thomas McClanahan in the militia service and the deponent thinks he belonged to Captain Woods's company of militia from the County of Botetourt State of Virginia.

Given under his own hand this 11<sup>th</sup> day of April 1833.

S/ Leonard J Fleming, Senior

Leonard 9 Heming Sen,

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State of Kentucky Scott County Sct. April 8<sup>th</sup> 1833

Personally appeared before me Andrew Johnson a Justice of the peace in and for the County aforesaid Julius Gibbs<sup>2</sup> and made oath to the following facts that sometime in the first of September 1775 he was acquainted with Thomas McClanahan in the Revolutionary War in the company of Captain John Green of Culpeper County in the first Virginia Regiment commanded by Patrick Henry and afterwards by Colonel Cristy [William Christian] and said Thomas McClanahan served one year and was Honorably discharged about the first of September 1776 to his the said Gibbs' knowledge and further this Witness saith not.

Julius tjibbe

Said Gibbs is in his 80th year

S/ Julius Gibbs

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State of Kentucky Mercer County Sct.

Personally appeared before me a Justice of the Peace in and for said County Daniel Barbee<sup>3</sup> of Danville Kentucky and made oath to the following facts viz. – that on the 2<sup>nd</sup> day of September 1775 Thomas McClanahan (then called Tom Clanagin) enlisted in the Company commanded by Captain John Green of Culpeper County Virginia for one-year in the first Virginia Regiment Commanded by Patrick Henry; he knows of his own knowledge that said McClanahan served in said Company until the latter part of July following; he Barbee, having then been called to the North – and knows nothing

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> FPA W10055

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Daniel Barbee S12951

further of his Services – Said Barbee further states that his own age will be should he live until the 30<sup>th</sup> day of July 1833 seventy-six years – given under his own hand this 27<sup>th</sup> day of March 1833 S/ Dan Barbee

Dan Barba

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State of Kentucky Scott County Sct.: April 8<sup>th</sup> 1833

Personally appeared before me A Johnson one of the Justices of the peace for the County aforesaid Achillias Stapp<sup>4</sup> aged 78 the 2<sup>nd</sup> of December and made oath that he was acquainted with Thomas McClanahan in the year of 1777 – at Middle Brook in the State of New Jersey – said Stapp states he saw said McClanahan shoe command under a sentence of a Court Martial for deserting his post at Peola [Paoli, September 21, 1777] and giving the Countersigned to the British at that time the said McClanahan was a Soldier in Captain Frank Taylor's Company 2<sup>nd</sup> Virginia Regiment in the Revolutionary War as for the time of his Enlistment or discharge – said Stapp knows nothing of.

Signed S/ Achillas Stapp, X his mark

[p 11: On July 19, 1853 in Simpson County Kentucky, Tabitha McClanahan, 64, filed for a widow's pension under the 1853 act stating that she is the widow of Thomas McClanahan, a pensioner at the rate of \$80 per annum for his service in the revolutionary war; that she married him March 1, 1817; that her husband died October 15, 1845. She signed her application with her mark.]
[p 6: On June 11, 1855 in Simpson County Kentucky, Tabitha McClanahan, 65 or 66 years of age, filed a claim for her bounty land as the widow of Thomas McClanahan, a revolutionary war pensioner; she states that she married him in Logan County Kentucky (no date specified); that they were married by John Ben Brooks; that her name prior to her marriage was Tabitha Williams; that her husband died September 1, 1845 in Simpson County Kentucky. She signed her application with her mark. One of the supporting witnesses was Arden McClanahan of Simpson County (relationship to the widow not specified).]

[p 8: certificate from the Logan County Kentucky clerk of court indicating that records in his office show that Thomas McLanahan was married to Tabitha Williams pursuant to a marriage bond dated February 28, 1817.]

[Facts in file: Veteran married in Culpeper County Virginia in 1778 the sister of John Green (her name not stated); in 1832 the soldier referred to having 7 children then living with him having had in all 20 children.]

[Veteran was pensioned at the rate of \$80 per annum commencing March 4<sup>th</sup>, 1831, for service as a private for 2 years in the Virginia service. His widow was pensioned in a like amount.]

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Achilles Stapp (Slapp) W599