Southern Campaign American Revolution Pension Statements & Rosters

Pension application of John Hendricks (Hendrix) R4882 Transcribed by Will Graves

f38VA 3/14/14

[Methodology: Spelling, punctuation and/or grammar have been corrected in some instances for ease of reading and to facilitate searches of the database. Where the meaning is not compromised by adhering to the spelling, punctuation or grammar, no change has been made. Corrections or additional notes have been inserted within brackets or footnotes. Blanks appearing in the transcripts reflect blanks in the original. A bracketed question mark indicates that the word or words preceding it represent(s) a guess by me. The word 'illegible' or 'indecipherable' appearing in brackets indicates that at the time I made the transcription, I was unable to decipher the word or phrase in question. Only materials pertinent to the military service of the veteran and to contemporary events have been transcribed. Affidavits that provide additional information on these events are included and genealogical information is abstracted, while standard, 'boilerplate' affidavits and attestations related solely to the application, and later nineteenth and twentieth century research requests for information have been omitted. I use speech recognition software to make all my transcriptions. Such software misinterprets my southern accent with unfortunate regularity and my poor proofreading skills fail to catch all misinterpretations. Also, dates or numbers which the software treats as numerals rather than words are not corrected: for example, the software transcribes "the eighth of June one thousand eighty six" as "the 8th of June 1786." Please call material errors or omissions to my attention.]

State of Tennessee Carter County

On this the __ day of August 1845 personally appeared before the subscriber one of the acting Justices of the peace for the State and County aforesaid John Hendricks Esquire a resident of Carter County Tennessee aged eighty-nine years on tomorrow as he was born the 7th day of August 1756 per record of his Bible, who being first duly sworn according to law doth on his oath make the following declaration in order to obtain the benefit of the provision made by the act of Congress passed June 7th 1832, that he volunteered in the Army of the United States in the year he thinks to the best of his recollection 1777 under Captain niceswanger [John Niscwanger] in Frederick County State of Virginia and served and was received in the service by Colonel Homes [sic, Holmes?] of Winchester and ordered under the Captain to march to Petsburg [Pittsburgh or Petersburg?] and did march to said point in then was disbanded some two weeks there was two companies of us marched to Petsburg, the other company was commanded by Captain Dark [possibly William Darke] the names of the commanding officers at Petsburg not recollected, said two companies was ordered to whiling [Wheeling] by water down the River in Boats and when they arrived at Fort Wheeling found many families in the possession of the Fort and it commanded by Captain Bean and he Bean he thinks took and kept the command of both companies as well as his own during their stay at said Fort which he thinks was from five to six months as he left home in the spring of the year early in the season and returned he thinks three days before Christmas. Deponent thinks he was from six to eight months in service to include going and returning he is confident it was six months or more while at Fort Wheeling was employed in guarding the Fort and securing the neighborhood against the hostile Indians but never came to a general engagement But sent out in scouting parties on one occasion deponent and one cutlet[?] was sent as spies and fell in with a party of Indians cutlet got wounded in the breast but made his Escape to the Fort and recovered deponent lost his gun in the scramble by rendering assistance to the wounded man but made their escape.

Deponent says his discharges was verbal and further says this is his first application for a pension and the reason he did not apply before it was understood by him that his service must be two years before he could be entitled to a pension as he has been much secluded from the world since the law passed, deponent relinquishes all claims to pensions except the present and he knows of no living witness to prove his service except those here after introduced further deponent saith not.

S/ John Hendricks, X his mark

State of Tennessee Carter County

Richard Kelly appeared before me this 6th day of August 1845 and made oath in due form of law that he has been personally acquainted with John Hendricks Esquire for sixty odd years and lived in the same neighborhood at the time of the alleged Services and well recollects that he marched with the troops early in the spring of the year 77 or 78 and that I do recollect his return from the service from the fact of his having brought with him some Indian curiosities that produced some excitement in the neighborhood and that his return was only a few days before the 25th day of December of the year 1777 or 78 and that though [through] the course of my long acquaintance I believe him to be a man of truth and integrity, and that I do believe that he served in the Revolutionary War as set forth in his declaration deponent further saith that it would be a hazard and difficulty for Mr. Hendrix to attend the Court to make his Declaration further the deponent saith not

[p 7: On March 21, 1854 in Carter County Tennessee, Mary Emmert executed a power of attorney in which she states she is a daughter and child of John Hendrix [sic] and grants her attorney the power to pursue the pension claim due her father. She signed this document with her mark. Her execution of this document was witnessed by one William C Emmert, but his relationship, if any, is not noted.]