Southern Campaigns American Revolution Pension Statements & Rosters

South Carolina Audited Accounts¹ relating to Turpin Holroyd [Holroyed] SC3977 pp3 Audited Account No. 3719D

Transcribed and annotated by Will Graves

9/17/22

[p 2: Printed form of Indent No. 225 Book Y dated 29th of October, 1785 "delivered to Mr. Turpin Holroyed this our INDENTED CERTIFICATE, for the Sum of Ninety Eight pound fifteen shillings and three pence Sterling for Wages as Sailing Master on board the Ship S° Carolina [South Carolina]² per Account Audited on which no Interest is allowed until one year's In.º becomes Due."]

[p 3: Reverse of the above Indent bearing a signature purportedly by the veteran which appears as follows:

In addition there are signatures by William Hort and

William Freeman but how these gentlemen acquired an interest in the Indent is not disclosed by the documents in this file.]

¹ The South Carolina Audited Accounts (AAs) are now available online at http://www.archivesindex.sc.gov/. To find the AA for a specific person, click on the Just take me to the search page link, then enter the person's surname first in the "Full name" box followed by a comma and the person's Christian name. The "SC" file number shown on this transcript has been assigned by the administrator of this website for indexing purposes only and is not an officially recognized file number. The number behind the 'pp' indicates the number of pages in the file and the 'Audited Account No.' is the actual Account Number assigned by the South Carolina Archives.

² South Carolina. Foote: 112-116, 119, 120, Sch V: 55, M: 274, privateer man of war of 40 guns, 1355 tons, manned by 540 men, which left the Texel (the Netherlands) on 25 August 1781, with SC Navy Commodore Alexander Gillon in command. This vessel was the property of France, originally the *Indien*, built in Holland, loaned to the State of South Carolina for 3 years for privateering. It took part in the Spanish/American capture of Nassau in 1782, under Capt John Joyner. The ship was taken by the British in Sep 1782, and crew sent to prison in New York. One of its prizes was taken Sep 1781 and one of its prize crew sent to Mill Prison. (Clark: I: 138 shows her captured 19 Dec 1782, by the British *Astrea, Diomeda, Quebec*. The ship is said to have arrived in New York on 24 Dec.) Ford1782:309, 632, 703, Ford1784:332. JA6:295, 9:491. CTN: 58. CTP: 123. Foote: 120-121, Caleb Foote served as a seaman on the *South Carolina* for 14 months. DaviesXIX:2156, Germans in crew. Volo: 53. Silverstone: 20. Paullin: 448. Chapelle: 96, 116. Coggins: 102. https://www.awiatsea.com/Hough/Hough%20List%20S.html See also, James A. Lewis, *Neptune's Militia: The Frigate* South Carolina *during the American Revolution*, Kent, Ohio: The Kent State University Press, 1999

See also, D. E. Huger Smith. Commodore Alexander Gillon and the Frigate South Carolina *The South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine* Vol. 9, No. 4 (Oct., 1908), pp. 189-219